

5 In the Claims

1. (Previously presented) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:

a primary lens frame having a first pair of lens holders  
for holding a pair of primary lenses and separated by a bridge  
10 portion disposed therebetween, said bridge portion having a  
major magnetic member disposed therein, said major magnetic  
member disposed within the bridge portion on a rear side of the  
bridge portion such that a surface of the major magnetic member  
is exposed and faces rearward;

15 an auxiliary frame having a pair of lens holders separated  
by a bridge portion, said bridge portion formed to include a  
protruding grip extension which extends perpendicularly outward  
from the auxiliary frame, said grip extension having an upward  
lip with a minor magnetic member disposed therein such that a  
20 surface of the minor magnet member is exposed and faces forward;

said auxiliary frame coupled to the primary lens frame from  
the bottom such that the grip extension of the auxiliary frame  
extends under the bridge portion in the primary lens frame and  
the upward lip engages the bridge of the primary lens frame on  
25 the rear side of the bridge, said major magnetic member in the  
primary lens frame magnetically coupling to the minor magnetic  
member in the auxiliary frame, thereby further securing the  
auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame.

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2. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is flush with the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side of the bridge portion.

3. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 2, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the minor magnet member is flush with the front side of the upward lip, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the front side of the upward lip.

4. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that it is elevated and extends or protrudes therefrom.

5. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 4, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is

5 recessed therefrom, thereby forming a recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip.

6. (Previously presented) The eyeglass of claim 5, wherein the major magnetic member extending from the rear side of the bridge  
10 portion in the primary lens frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip, said major and minor magnetic members then magnetically coupling together.

7. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 1,  
15 wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that it is recessed,

8. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 7, wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward  
20 lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side of the upward lip.

25 9. (Previously presented) The eyeglass of claim 8, wherein the minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the rear side of the bridge portion of

5 the primary lens frame, said major and minor magnetic members  
then magnetically coupling together.

10. (Canceled) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:

a primary lens frame having a first pair of lens holders  
10 for holding a pair of primary lenses and separated by a bridge  
portion, said bridge portion having a major magnetic member  
positioned on rear side such that a surface of the major  
magnetic member is exposed and faces rearward, said major  
magnetic member magnetically coupling to a minor magnetic member  
15 in an auxiliary frame, thereby securing the auxiliary frame to  
the primary lens frame.

11. (Canceled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the  
major magnetic is positioned within the bridge portion such that  
20 the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is flush with  
the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming one  
cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side of the bridge  
portion.

25 12. (Canceled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the  
major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion  
such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is  
elevated from the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby

5 extending or protruding from the rear side of the bridge  
portion.

13. (Canceled) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 10, wherein the  
major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion  
10 such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is  
recessed within the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby  
forming a recess or aperture within the rear side of the bridge  
portion of the primary lens frames.

15 14. (Previously presented) An eyeglass apparatus comprising:  
an auxiliary frame having a pair of lens holders separated  
by a bridge portion formed to include a protruding grip  
extension which extends perpendicularly outward from the  
auxiliary frame, said grip extension having an upward lip with a  
20 minor magnetic member disposed therein such that a surface of  
the minor magnet member is exposed and faces forward thereby  
magnetically coupling to a major magnetic member in a primary  
lens frame in order to secure the auxiliary frame to the primary  
lens frame.

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15. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14,  
wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward  
lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the

5 minor magnet member is flush with the front side of the upward  
lip, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the  
front side of the upward lip.

16. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14,  
10 wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward  
lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the  
minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the  
upward lip; but, rather, is recessed therefrom, thereby forming  
a recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip.

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17. (Previously presented) The eyeglass apparatus of claim 14,  
wherein the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward  
lip of the grip extension such that the exposed surface of the  
minor magnet member is not flush with the front side of the  
20 upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the  
upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side  
of the upward lip.

18. (Previously presented) A method for forming a pair of  
25 eyeglasses comprising:

constructing a primary lens frame having a first pair of  
lens holders, for holding a pair of primary lenses, and

5 separated by a bridge portion disposed therebetween, said bridge portion having a major magnetic member disposed therein;

constructing an auxiliary frame having a second pair of lens holders separated by a bridge portion, said bridge portion formed to include a protruding grip extension which extends  
10 perpendicularly outward from the auxiliary frame, and said grip extension having an upward lip with a minor magnetic member disposed therein;

coupling the auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame from the bottom such that the grip extension of the auxiliary frame  
15 extends under the bridge portion in the primary lens frame and the upward lip engages the bridge of the primary lens frame on the rear side of the bridge, said major magnetic member in the primary lens frame magnetically coupling to the minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame, thereby further securing the  
20 auxiliary frame to the primary lens frame.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such that the exposed surface of the major magnetic member is flush  
25 with the rear side of the bridge portion, thereby forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the rear side of the bridge portion.

5 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the  
minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the  
grip extension such that the exposed surface of the minor magnet  
member is flush with the front side of the upward lip, thereby  
forming one cohesive and smooth surface on the front side of the  
10 upward lip.

21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the  
major magnetic member is positioned within the bridge portion of  
the primary lens frame such that it is elevated, thereby  
15 extending or protruding from a rear surface of the bridge  
portion.

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the  
minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the  
20 grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush  
with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is recessed  
therein, thereby forming a recess or aperture on the front side  
of the upward lip.

25 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the  
major magnetic member in the primary lens frame is inserted into  
the recess or aperture on the front side of the upward lip and



5 the major and minor magnetic members are then magnetically coupled together.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the major magnetic member is disposed within the bridge portion such  
10 that it is recessed,

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, whersin the minor magnetic member is disposed within the upward lip of the grip extension such that the minor magnet member is not flush  
15 with the front side of the upward lip; but, rather, is elevated from a front surface of the upward lip, thereby extending or protruding from the front side of the upward lip.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the  
20 minor magnetic member in the auxiliary frame is inserted into the recess or aperture on the rear side of the bridge portion of the primary lens frame, said major and minor magnetic members then magnetically coupling together.

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